

Pinellas County District Schools

Bid Protest Procedure

Bidders who wishes to file a protest pertaining to a bid must file such notice in accordance with procedures prescribed by 120.57(3) FS enumerated below. For bids solicited by the purchasing department, the notice must be filed with the director of purchasing. For bids solicited by the facilities department, the notice must be filed with the director of facilities.

1. Any person who is adversely affected by the District decision or intended decision shall file with the Director of Purchasing a notice of protest in writing within 72 hours after the posting of the bid tabulation or after receipt of the notice of the District decision or intended decision and shall file a formal written protest within 10 days after filing the notice of protest. With respect to a protest of the specifications contained in an invitation to bid or in a request for proposals, the notice of protest shall be filed in writing within 72 hours after the receipt of notice of the project plans and specifications or intended project plans and specifications in an invitation to bid or request for proposals, and the formal written protest shall be filed within 10 days after the date the notice of protest is filed. Failure to file a notice of protest or failure to file a formal written protest shall constitute a waiver of proceedings under this chapter. The formal written protest shall state with particularity the facts and law upon which the protest is based. Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays shall be excluded in the computation of the 72-hour time periods provided by this paragraph.
2. Any person who files an action protesting a decision or intended decision pertaining to a bid pursuant to FS 120.57(3)(b), shall post at the time of filing the formal written protest, a bond payable to the Pinellas County School District in an amount equal to 1 percent (1%) of the total estimated contract value, but not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000, which bond shall be conditioned upon the payment of all costs which may be adjudged against the protester in the administrative hearing in which the action is brought and in any subsequent appellate court proceeding. In lieu of a bond, a cashier's check, certified bank check, bank certified company check, money order or U.S. currency will be acceptable form of security. If, after completion of the administrative hearing process and any appellate court proceedings, the District prevails, it shall recover all costs and charges which shall be included in the final order or judgment, including charges made by the Division of Administrative Hearings, but excluding attorney's fees. Upon payment of such costs and charges by the protester, the protest security shall be returned. If the protester prevails, he or she shall recover from the District all costs and charges which shall be included in the final order of judgment, excluding attorney's fees.
3. Upon receipt of the formal written protest and protest bond which has been timely filed, the District shall stop the bid solicitation process or the contract award process until the subject of the protest is resolved by final District action, unless the Superintendent sets forth in writing particular facts and circumstances which require the continuance of the bid solicitation process or the contract award process without delay in order to avoid an immediate and serious danger to the public health, safety, or welfare.
4.
 - a) The District shall provide an opportunity to resolve the protest by mutual agreement between the parties within 7 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of a formal written protest.
 - b) If the subject of a protest is not resolved by mutual agreement within 7 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of the formal written protest, and if there is no disputed issue of material fact, an informal proceeding shall be conducted pursuant to 120.57(2) FS and applicable District rules before a person whose qualifications have been prescribed by rules of the District.
 - c) If the subject of a protest is not resolved by mutual agreement within 7 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of the formal written protest, and if there is a disputed issue of material fact, the District shall refer the protest to the Division of Administrative Hearings for proceedings under 120.57(1) FS.
5. Upon receipt of a formal written protest referred pursuant to this subsection, the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative law judge who shall commence a hearing within 30 days after the receipt of the formal written protest by the division and enter a recommended order within 30 days after the hearing or within 30 days after receipt of the hearing transcript by the administrative law judge, whichever is later. Each party shall be allowed 10 days in which to submit written exceptions to the recommended order. A final order shall be entered by the District within 30 days of the entry of a recommended order. The provisions of this paragraph may be waived upon stipulation by all parties.
6. In a competitive-procurement protest, no submissions made after the bid or proposal opening amending or supplementing the bid or proposal shall be considered. Unless otherwise provided by statute, the burden of proof shall rest with the party protesting the proposed District action. In a competitive-procurement protest, other than a rejection of all bids, the administrative law judge shall conduct a de novo proceeding to determine whether the District's proposed action is contrary to the District's governing statutes, the District's rules or policies, or the bid or proposal specifications. The standard of proof for such proceedings shall be whether the proposed District action was clearly erroneous, contrary to competition, arbitrary, or capricious. In any bid-protest proceeding contesting an intended District action to reject all bids, the standard of review by an administrative law judge shall be whether the District's intended action is illegal, arbitrary, dishonest, or fraudulent.